





• Stand behind the rear wheel. Open the brake quick release lever by rotating upward.

This will enable you to remove the wheel by opening the brake pads allowing the tire to pass through without getting caught on the brake pads.

 Make it easier to remove your rear wheel by shifting to your hardest gear- that is the smallest cog on the gears in the back of your bike.

This cog is located at the most outboard (farthest right) position from the center of the bike.

- Once you've shifted down to your smallest size cog located at the outermost position of your gears then pick up your rear wheel and use your other hand to pedal the bike.
- When you pedal the bike it will shift to the smallest cog, sliding the chain downward and outward away from the center of the bike.This will also make re-installing the wheel easier when you are finished.



Step 3: Open quick release lever and swing derailleur rearward to remove wheel.



• Open your rear wheel quick release lever. Use your entire hand for leverage.

Brace the heel of your hand against the center of the quick release skewer. Wrap four fingers around the lever. If your lever is positioned correctly you can pull the lever open.

If your quick release lever is aligned with your chain stay it will be impossible to get your hand behind the quick release lever. Remove your helmet and loop part of your chin strap around the lever- then pull the lever open using the chin strap!

The best place to position yourself is to kneel on one knee behind your bike, supporting your bike with your shoulder and two hands on the rear wheel quick release skewer and rear derailleur.

 While you are opening your rear quick release with your left hand, use your right hand to rotate the rear derailleur downward and rearward- toward you. This will open up the loop of chain allowing the rear wheel and cogset to pass out of the frame.

Top view: Rider's perspective. Kneel on one knee behind the bike and open your quick

If you only touch your derailleur your hands will stay clean- no need to touch your chain!

TIP If you've ever heard the term "dropouts" on a bike frame or fork, this is where that term came from- they enable the wheel to drop out of the wheel to drop out of the frame when used correctly. release lever with your left hand as shown.

• Use your right hand to rotate the rear derailleur back and out of the way. This will allow you to easily remove the rear wheel without getting your hands dirty.

If you rotate the derailleur correctly back toward you your hands stay clean! No need to touch the chain!

Step 3.5: Use proper technique and body position to make wheel removal easier.



 With the rear derailleur pulled fully to the rear the wheel often simply falls out of the frame once the quick release skewer is opened.

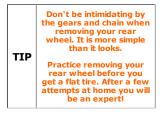
Some wheels need to be nudged forward and downward to come out. You can gently strike the top of the wheel with your free (left) hand to knock the wheel clear of the dropouts.

 Now you've got your quick release fully opened, derailleur and chain pulled back out of the way while keeping your hands clean and you tapped the top of your rear wheel with your left hand to knock it downward and free from the bike frame.

The wheel often simply falls out of the rear triangle of your bike.

 Using your left hand to hold the left seat stay of your bike frame just below your rear brake, your right hand can grab the rim and guide the rear wheel out of your frame and away from the chain.

It is necessary to angle the wheel to your left to get your gears out of the loop of chain.



Step 4: Remove wheel and set bicycle down on left side out of traffic.





- Once the cap is in the open position press the cap inward to allow remaining air to escape.
- Some Presta Valves have a threaded washer on them to prevent it from moving.

If you have this washer you'll need to remove it before you can take your inner tube out.

• Unthread the washer and remove it completely.

Be sure to set it somewhere so you can find it again.



Step 7: Remove tire from wheel with a rolling motion using entire hand.



Step 8.5: Pull out valve stem from the rim. Check tire for glass, wire, thorns, etc.



- Finish removing the inner tube by pulling the valve stem up and out of the rim.
- **IMPORTANT:** Carefully slide your fingers completely around the inside of your tire to check for foreign objects that may have created a puncture; glass, wire, thorns, etc. Remove any foreign objects to prevent additional flats.

TIP	You only need to remove on side of your tire from the rim to change your inner tube.
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Step 9: Get your new inner tube ready to install.



- Remove the threaded washer to enable the valve stem to pass through the hole in the rim.
- Put a puff of air into the new inner tube to help the tube maintain its shape and make it easier to install. This also helps prevent pinching.



Step 10: Slide new valve stem through hole in rim.

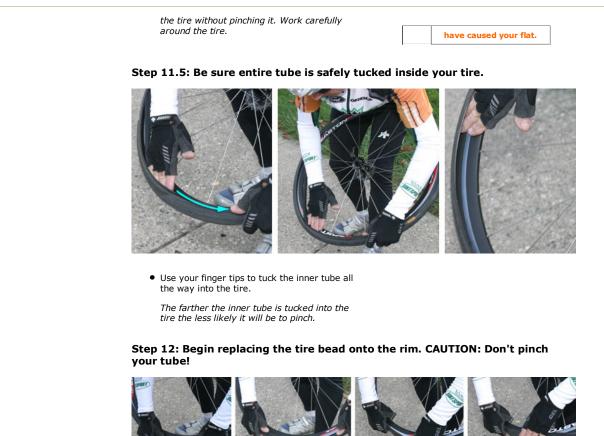


• Slide the valve stem downward through the hole in your rim. Be sure your fabric rim strip inside the rim is in the correct position and not damaged.

TIP You can improvise a new rim strip inside the rim to replace a damaged one by using an energy gel wrapper or dollar bill.

Step 11: Begin re-installing your tire at the valve stem. CAUTION: Do not pinch tube.







Try your best to put the tire back on without using

tire levers. Using tire levers to install your tube

almost always pinches the tube causing another flat.

TIP

 Begin to roll the tire bead back onto the rim. Use your entire hand to gently roll the tire back onto the tire bead.

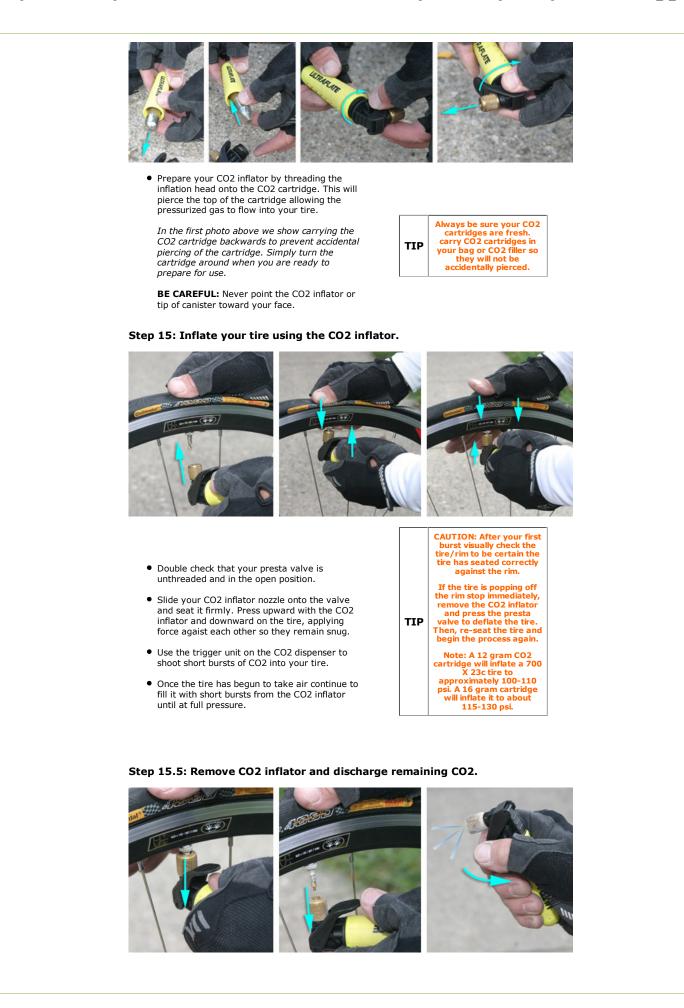
This is often the trickiest step of changing a flat: Your primary goal is to get the new inner tube into the tire without pinching it.

Step 13: Install the threaded washer.



Step 14: Prepare your CO2 inflator.





• Firmly pull the CO2 inflator straight downward and off the Presta valve stem.

The CO2 will freeze moisture in the air and may momentarily freeze the inflator to the valve stem. Don't twist or wiggle the inflator on the valve: You could damage the valve.

Be careful touching the valve stem or inflator nozzle- you could flash freeze your finger tips to it.

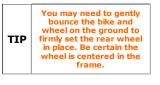
• Once removed from the valve stem point the CO2 inflator away from you and pull the trigger to expel the remaining CO2 from the cartridge.

Step 16: Replace your rear wheel.





- Replace your rear wheel into the bike frame by standing behind the bike and holding it with your left hand on the chainstay just beneath the brake.
- Use your right hand to sweep the wheel into the frame.



• Be sure to locate the cogset inside the loop of chain on the bike.

Step 16.5: Be sure your chain is back on the outermost cog/slide wheel fully into place.



 Rotating the derailleur out of the way and setting the chain back on the outside (smallest) cog will make it easier to pull the wheel into place.

TIP TIP Use both hands to pull the wheel rearward into the frame insuring it is centered and lined up correctly.

Step 17: Close your quick release skewer.



- You've check to confirm your wheel is centered in the frame.
- Now close your quick release lever firmly with the lever being located above the chain stay and below the seat stay of the frame.



Step 17.5 Close the quick release skewer (viewed from above).



• A good view from the rider's perspective of closing the quick release lever.

This also shows the correct positon of the lever once it is closed.

TIP Notice how the fingers on his left hand are gripping the inside of the left chainstay to gain additional leverage. This makes it easier to close the quick release lever.

Step 18: Shift up to an easier gear. Close your rear brake quick release.



Use your shift lever to shift up to an easier gear.

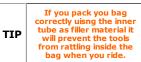
Pick up the rear of the bike and pedal to shift the chain up the cogset to an easier gear.



Step 19: Police the area and secure your spare parts: Don't litter! Re-install your bike bag.



- Re-Pack your bag and strap it back under you saddle. Be sure your straps are secure.
- Re-check the area for trash. Don't leave anything behind!



Step 20: Be sure traffic is clear and get back on the road! You're done!

